UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE 0 **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from

to

Commission File Number: 001-31911

American Equity Investment Life Holding Company

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Iowa

(State of Incorporation)

42-1447959

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

5000 Westown Parkway, Suite 440 West Des Moines, Iowa

50266

(Zip Code)

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

(515) 221-0002

(Telephone)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Common Stock, par value \$1

Name of each exchange on which registered

New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, par value \$1

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

No o Yes x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filed, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer o

Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act.) Yes o No x

APPLICABLE TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Shares of common stock outstanding at July 31, 2007: 56,880,720

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2006
Assets		
Investments:		
Fixed maturity securities:		
Available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: 2007 - \$4,833,524; 2006 - \$4,297,182)	\$ 4,623,126	\$ 4,177,029
Held for investment, at amortized cost (fair value: 2007 - \$4,798,026; 2006 - \$4,871,237)	5,226,441	5,128,146
Equity securities, available for sale, at fair value (cost: 2007 - \$81,763; 2006 - \$46,000)	78,949	45,512
Mortgage loans on real estate	1,771,625	1,652,757
Derivative instruments	412,289	381,601
Policy loans	428	419
Total investments	12,112,858	11,385,464
Cash and cash equivalents	22,243	29,949
Coinsurance deposits - related party	1,772,761	1,841,720
Accrued investment income	73,384	68,323
Deferred policy acquisition costs	1,183,229	1,088,890
Deferred sales inducements	506,608	427,554
Deferred income taxes	83,630	73,831
Income taxes recoverable	3,040	4,526
Other assets	42,925	69,866
Total assets	\$ 15,800,678	\$ 14,990,123

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AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued) (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

		June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	 December 31, 2006
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		(
Liabilities:			
Policy benefit reserves:			
Traditional life and accident and health insurance products	\$	102,489	\$ 93,632
Annuity and single premium universal life products		13,899,180	13,114,299
Other policy funds and contract claims		122,353	128,579
Other amounts due to related parties		45,077	45,504
Notes payable		264,848	266,383
Subordinated debentures		268,298	268,489
Amounts due under repurchase agreements		396,570	385,973
Other liabilities		100,160	92,198
Total liabilities		15,198,975	14,395,057
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock, par value \$1 per share, 125,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding: 2007 - 53,862,051			
shares (excluding 3,014,466 treasury shares); 2006 - 53,500,926 shares (excluding 2,664,448 treasury shares)		53,862	53,501
Additional paid-in capital		388,917	389,644
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(66,282)	(38,769)
Retained earnings		225,206	190,690
Total stockholders' equity	_	601,703	595,066
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	15,800,678	\$ 14,990,123

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

Three Mon June		Six Montl June	
2007	2006	2007	2006

Re	ve	nı	16	s

Annuity and single premium universal life product charges 11,453 10,740 20,447 18,340 Net investment income 175,719 169,182 345,077 331,567 Realized gains on investments 17 313 566 289 Change in fair value of derivatives 98,986 (61,582) 90,464 (12,254) Total revenues 289,365 121,882 462,831 344,677 Benefits and expenses: Insurance policy benefits and change in future policy benefits 2,097 2,269 4,030 4,667 Interest credited to account balances 168,141 101,845 284,094 185,453 Amortization of deferred sales inducements 14,184 6,737 18,545 15,675 Change in fair value of embedded derivatives 40,57 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements	Traditional life and accident and health insurance premiums	\$	3,190	\$ 3,211	\$	6,24/	\$ 6,/35
Realized gains on investments 17 331 596 289 Change in fair value of derivatives 98,986 (61,582) 90,464 (12,254) Total revenues 289,365 121,882 462,831 344,677 Benefits and expenses: Insurance policy benefits and change in future policy benefits 2,097 2,269 4,030 4,667 Interest credited to account balances 168,141 101,845 284,094 185,453 Amortization of deferred sales inducements 14,184 6,737 18,545 15,675 Change in fair value of embedded derivatives 405 (111,321) (6,226) (48,557) Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 2	Annuity and single premium universal life product charges		11,453	10,740		20,447	18,340
Change in fair value of derivatives 98,986 (61,582) 90,464 (12,254) Total revenues 289,365 121,882 462,831 344,677 Benefits and expenses: Insurance policy benefits and change in future policy benefits 2,097 2,269 4,030 4,667 Interest credited to account balances 168,141 101,845 284,094 185,453 Amortization of deferred sales inducements 14,184 6,737 18,545 15,675 Change in fair value of embedded derivatives 405 (111,321) (6,226) (48,557) Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,028 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses	Net investment income		175,719	169,182		345,077	331,567
Benefits and expenses: Insurance policy benefits and change in future policy benefits 2,097 2,269 4,030 4,667 Interest credited to account balances 168,141 101,845 284,094 185,453 Amortization of deferred sales inducements 14,184 6,737 18,545 15,675 Change in fair value of embedded derivatives 405 (111,321) (6,226) (48,557) Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income tax expenses 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expenses 12,846 23	Realized gains on investments		17	331		596	289
Renefits and expenses: Insurance policy benefits and change in future policy benefits 2,097 2,269 4,030 4,667 18,453 18,4545 16,675 18,484 101,845 284,094 185,453 18,485 18,185 18,545 18,5675	Change in fair value of derivatives		98,986	(61,582)		90,464	(12,254)
Insurance policy benefits and change in future policy benefits 2,097 2,269 4,030 4,667 Interest credited to account balances 168,141 101,845 284,094 185,453 Amortization of deferred sales inducements 14,184 6,737 18,545 15,675 Change in fair value of embedded derivatives 405 (111,321) (6,226) (48,557) Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income 24,589 42,911 <td< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td></td><td>289,365</td><td>121,882</td><td></td><td>462,831</td><td>344,677</td></td<>	Total revenues		289,365	121,882		462,831	344,677
Insurance policy benefits and change in future policy benefits 2,097 2,269 4,030 4,667 Interest credited to account balances 168,141 101,845 284,094 185,453 Amortization of deferred sales inducements 14,184 6,737 18,545 15,675 Change in fair value of embedded derivatives 405 (111,321) (6,226) (48,557) Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100	Renefits and evnences						
Interest credited to account balances 168,141 101,845 284,094 185,453 Amortization of deferred sales inducements 14,184 6,737 18,545 15,675 Change in fair value of embedded derivatives 405 (111,321) (6,226) (48,557) Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$24,589 \$42,911 \$34,516 \$46,884	<u>.</u>		2.097	2.269		4.030	4.667
Change in fair value of embedded derivatives 405 (111,321) (6,226) (48,557) Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84							,
Interest expense on notes payable 4,057 6,528 8,139 13,814 Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Amortization of deferred sales inducements		14,184	6,737		18,545	15,675
Interest expense on subordinated debentures 5,614 5,402 11,203 10,320 Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Change in fair value of embedded derivatives		405	(111,321)		(6,226)	(48,557)
Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements 3,060 8,532 7,078 14,331 Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Interest expense on notes payable		4,057	6,528		8,139	13,814
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs 40,289 25,363 57,858 56,118 Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Interest expense on subordinated debentures		5,614	5,402		11,203	10,320
Other operating costs and expenses 14,083 9,931 25,494 20,111 Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84			3,060	8,532		7,078	14,331
Total benefits and expenses 251,930 55,286 410,215 271,932 Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs		40,289	25,363		57,858	56,118
Income before income taxes 37,435 66,596 52,616 72,745 Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Other operating costs and expenses		14,083	9,931		25,494	20,111
Income tax expense 12,846 23,685 18,100 25,861 Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Total benefits and expenses		251,930	55,286		410,215	 271,932
Net income \$ 24,589 \$ 42,911 \$ 34,516 \$ 46,884 Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Income before income taxes		37,435	66,596		52,616	72,745
Earnings per common share \$ 0.43 \$ 0.77 \$ 0.61 \$ 0.84	Income tax expense		12,846	23,685		18,100	25,861
	Net income	\$	24,589	\$ 42,911	\$	34,516	\$ 46,884
		=			_		
Earnings per common share - assuming dilution \$ 0.41 \$ 0.71 \$ 0.58 \$ 0.78	Earnings per common share	\$	0.43	\$ 0.77	\$	0.61	\$ 0.84
	Earnings per common share - assuming dilution	\$	0.41	\$ 0.71	\$	0.58	\$ 0.78

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	 Common Stock	 Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other omprehensive Loss	 Retained Earnings		Total tockholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ 53,936	\$ 380,698	\$ (27,306)	\$ 112,030	\$	519,358
Comprehensive loss:						
Net income for period	_	_	_	46,884		46,884
Change in net unrealized investment						
gains/losses	_	_	(67,241)	_		(67,241)
Total comprehensive loss						(20,357)
Share-based compensation	_	68	_	_		68
Issuance of 89,550 shares of common stock under						
compensation plans, including excess income						
tax benefits	90	682	_	_		772
Conversion of \$360 of subordinated debentures	 44	 316		 		360
Balance at June 30, 2006	\$ 54,070	\$ 381,764	\$ (94,547)	\$ 158,914	\$	500,201
	 	 	 			<u> </u>
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ 53,501	\$ 389,644	\$ (38,769)	\$ 190,690	\$	595,066
Comprehensive income:						
Net income for period	_	_	_	34,516		34,516
Change in net unrealized investment						
gains/losses	_	_	(27,513)	_		(27,513)
Total comprehensive income						7,003
Acquisition of 350,000 shares of common stock	(350)	(3,886)	_	_		(4,236)
Share-based compensation	_	3,178	_	_		3,178
Issuance of 57,500 shares of common stock under compensation plans, including excess income						
tax benefits	57	385	_	_		442
Net issuance of 622,779 shares of common stock						
under stock option and warrant agreement	623	(623)	_	_		_
Conversion of \$250 of subordinated debentures	31	 219	<u> </u>	 		250
Balance at June 30, 2007	\$ 53,862	\$ 388,917	\$ (66,282)	\$ 225,206	\$	601,703

Total comprehensive loss for the second quarter of 2007 was \$2.8 million and was comprised of net income of \$24.6 million and an increase in net unrealized depreciation of available for sale fixed maturity securities and equity securities of \$27.4 million.

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Mont June	
	2007	2006
Operating activities	Ф. 24.54.6	Ф. 46.004
Net income	\$ 34,516	\$ 46,884
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Adjustments related to interest sensitive products:	204.004	105 450
Interest credited to account balances	284,094	185,453
Amortization of deferred sales inducements	18,545	15,675
Annuity and single premium universal life product charges	(20,447)	(18,340)
Change in fair value of embedded derivatives	(6,226)	(48,557)
Increase in traditional life and accident and health insurance reserves	4,904	5,982
Policy acquisition costs deferred	(117,939)	(120,898)
Amortization of discount on contingent convertible notes	526	5,970
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	57,858	56,118
Provision for depreciation and other amortization	501	1,075
Amortization of discount and premiums on investments	(127,812)	(119,536)
Realized gains on investments	(596)	(289)
Change in fair value of derivatives	(90,464)	12,254
Deferred income taxes	5,016	31,208
Share-based compensation	3,178	68
Changes in other operating assets and liabilities:		
Accrued investment income	(5,061)	(9,458)
Income taxes recoverable	1,486	(22,490)
Other assets	745	(1,653)
Other policy funds and contract claims	(6,226)	2,234
Other amounts due to related parties	(10,629)	(1,483)
Other liabilities	(43,810)	(37,890)
Net cash used in operating activities	(17,841)	(17,673)
Investing Activities		
Sales, maturities, or repayments of investments:		
Fixed maturity securities - available for sale	71,739	106,129
Fixed maturity securities - held for investment	28,147	_
Equity securities, available for sale	15,968	17,878
Mortgage loans on real estate	87,967	48,920
Derivative instruments	224,636	98,900
Acquisition of investments:		
Fixed maturity securities - available for sale	(551,709)	(500,427)
Fixed maturity securities - held for investment	_	(176,169)
Equity securities, available for sale	(51,604)	(5,980)
Mortgage loans on real estate	(206,835)	(300,484)
Derivative instruments	(154,276)	(110,077)
Policy loans	(9)	(29)
Purchases of property, furniture and equipment	(568)	(81)
Net cash used in investing activities	(536,544)	(821,420)

		2007		2006
Financing activities	ф	1.000.000	ф	1 000 000
Receipts credited to annuity and single premium universal life policyholder account balances	\$	1,066,989	\$	1,082,386
Coinsurance deposits - related party		92,734		88,149
Return of annuity and single premium universal life policyholder account balances		(640,946)		(829,146)
Financing fees incurred and deferred		_		(1,016)
Repayments of notes payable		(2,061)		(2,049)
Increase in amounts due under repurchase agreements		10,597		393,229
Proceeds from issuance of subordinated debentures		_		30,000
Acquisition of common stock		(4,236)		_
Excess tax benefits realized from exercise of stock options		148		226
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		294		546
Checks in excess of cash balance		23,160		_
Net cash provided by financing activities		546,679		762,325
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(7,706)		(76,768)
·		(, ,		(-,,
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		29,949		112,395
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	22,243	\$	35,627
·			_	<u> </u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Cash paid during period for:				
Interest expense	\$	25,711	\$	31,322
Income taxes		10,600		17,138
Non-cash financing and investing activities:				
Premium and interest bonuses deferred as sales inducements		81,612		74,186
Conversion of subordinated debentures		250		360
Subordinated debentures issued to subsidiary trusts for common equity securities of the subsidiary trust		_		928

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of American Equity Investment Life Holding Company (the Company) have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring items, which are necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position and results of operations on a basis consistent with the prior audited consolidated financial statements. Operating results for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2007. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The preparation of financial statements requires the use of management estimates. For further information related to a description of areas of judgment and estimates and other information necessary to understand the Company's financial position and results of operations, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the unaudited consolidated financial statements for the periods ended June 30, 2006 have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation for the periods ended June 30, 2007.

Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2005, the Accounting Standards Executive Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants issued Statement of Position 05-1, *Accounting by Insurance Enterprises for Deferred Acquisition Costs in Connection with Modifications or Exchanges of Insurance Contracts* ("SOP 05-1"). SOP 05-1 provides guidance on accounting by insurance enterprises for deferred policy acquisition costs and deferred sales inducements on internal replacements of insurance contracts other than those specifically described in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 97, *Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises for Certain Long-Duration Contracts and for Realized Gains and Losses from the Sale on Investments*. SOP 05-1 defines an internal replacement as a modification in product benefits, features, rights or coverages that occurs by exchange of a contract for a new contract, or by amendment, endorsement, or rider to a contract, or by the election of a feature or coverage within a contract. SOP 05-1 is effective for internal replacements occurring in fiscal years beginning January 1, 2007. Retrospective application of SOP 05-1 to previously issued financial statements is not permitted. There was no impact on the unaudited consolidated financial statements upon the adoption of SOP 05-1.

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 creates a single model to address uncertainty in tax positions and clarifies the accounting for income taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. Under FIN 48, a tax benefit can be recognized in the financial statements if it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities who have full knowledge of all relevant information. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. FIN 48 is effective and was adopted by the Company on January 1, 2007. The Company has no unrecognized tax benefits at January 1, 2007 or June 30, 2007. The Company's policy is to record the interest and penalties on tax obligations on the federal income tax expense line on the consolidated statements of income. There was no impact on the unaudited consolidated financial statements upon the adoption of FIN 48. As of June 30, 2007, the tax years that remain subject to examination for U.S. federal taxes and applicable state jurisdictions are tax years ended December 31, 2003 through December 31, 2006.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments* ("SFAS 155"), which amends SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* ("SFAS 133") and SFAS No. 140, *Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities* ("SFAS 140"). SFAS 155 simplifies the accounting for certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments by allowing them to be accounted for

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as a whole if the holder elects to account for the whole instrument on a fair value basis. SFAS 155 also clarifies and amends certain other provisions of SFAS 133 and SFAS 140. SFAS 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired, issued or subject to a remeasurement event beginning on January 1, 2007. There was no impact on the unaudited consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands the required disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective beginning on January 1, 2008. The Company is continuing to evaluate SFAS 157 but does not believe that it will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 permits entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option is elected shall be reported in net income. SFAS 159 also requires additional disclosures that are intended to facilitate comparisons between entities that choose different measurement attributes for similar assets and liabilities and between assets and liabilities in the financial statements of an entity that selects different measurement attributes for similar assets and liabilities. SFAS 159 is effective beginning on January 1, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact SFAS 159 will have on the consolidated financial statements.

2. Contingencies

In recent years, companies in the life insurance and annuity business have faced litigation, including class action lawsuits alleging improper product design, improper sales practices and similar claims. The Company is currently a defendant in several purported class action lawsuits alleging improper sales practices. In these lawsuits, the plaintiffs are seeking returns of premiums and other compensatory and punitive damages. No class has been certified in any of the pending cases at this time. Although the Company has denied all allegations in these lawsuits and intends to vigorously defend against them, the lawsuits are in the early stages of litigation and neither their outcomes nor a range of possible outcomes can be determined at this time. However, the Company does not believe that these lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition or results of operations.

In addition, the Company is from time to time subject to other legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business, none of which management believes is likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. There can be no assurance that such litigation, or any future litigation, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

3. Share-based Compensation Plans

During the first quarter of 2007, the Company established the 2007 Independent Sales Agent Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). Under this Plan, agents of American Equity Investment Life Insurance Company may receive grants of options to acquire shares of the Company's common stock based upon their individual sales during 2007. The Plan authorizes grants of options to agents for up to 2,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock. As of June 30, 2007, there are no grants of options under the Plan.

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4. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of earnings per common share and earnings per common share—assuming dilution:

Three Months Ended June 30, Six Months Ended June 30,

	2007 2006				2007			2006	
	(Dollars in thousands, exc			except	per share data	1)			
Numerator:									
Net income—numerator for earnings per common share	\$	24,589	\$	42,911	\$	34,516	\$	46,884	
Interest on convertible subordinated debentures (net									
of income tax benefit)		262		266		528		536	
Numerator for earnings per common share—	· <u></u>								
assuming dilution	\$	24,851	\$	43,177	\$	35,044	\$	47,420	
Denominator:									
Weighted average common shares outstanding(1)	5	7,122,194	!	55,643,507	į	56,909,226	6 55,598,992		
Effect of dilutive securities:									
Convertible subordinated debentures		2,769,093		2,808,381		2,784,099		2,827,825	
Stock options		417,725		1,018,371		648,175		1,066,945	
Deferred compensation agreements				1,184,647				1,233,152	
Denominator for earnings per common share—									
assuming dilution	60,309,012			60,654,906	(50,341,500		60,726,914	
	<u></u>								
Earnings per common share	\$	0.43	\$	0.77	\$	0.61	\$	0.84	
Earnings per common share—assuming dilution	\$	0.41	\$	0.71	\$	0.58	\$	0.78	

⁽¹⁾ Weighted average common shares outstanding include shares vested under the NMO Deferred Compensation Plan.

Potentially dilutive common shares representing 15,000 shares and 5,500 shares of common stock for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and 11,000 shares of common stock for the six months ended June 30, 2007, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for these periods because their effect would have been antidilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2006, all potentially dilutive common shares were included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the exercise prices were less than the average market price of the common shares.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's discussion and analysis reviews our unaudited consolidated financial position at June 30, 2007, and the unaudited consolidated results of operations for the periods ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, and where appropriate, factors that may affect future financial performance. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, and the audited consolidated financial statements, notes thereto and selected consolidated financial data appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

All statements, trend analyses and other information contained in this report and elsewhere (such as in filings by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), press releases, presentations by us or our management or oral statements) relative to markets for our products and trends in our operations or financial results, as well as other statements including words such as "anticipate," "believe," "plan," "estimate," "expect," "intend," and other similar expressions, constitute forward-looking statements under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results to be materially different from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among other things:

- general economic conditions and other factors, including prevailing interest rate levels and stock and credit market performance which may affect (among other things) our ability to sell our products, our ability to access capital resources and the costs associated therewith, the fair value of our investments and the lapse rate and profitability of policies;
- · customer response to new products and marketing initiatives;
- · changes in Federal income tax laws and regulations which may affect the relative income tax advantages of our products;
- · increasing competition in the sale of annuities;
- · regulatory changes or actions, including those relating to regulation of financial services affecting (among other things) bank sales and underwriting of insurance products and regulation of the sale, underwriting and pricing of products; and
- · the risk factors or uncertainties listed from time to time in our private placement memorandums or filings with the SEC

Overview

We specialize in the sale of individual annuities (primarily deferred annuities) and, to a lesser extent, we also sell life insurance policies. Under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), premium collections for deferred annuities are reported as deposit liabilities instead of as revenues. Similarly, cash payments to policyholders are reported as decreases in the liabilities for policyholder account balances and not as expenses. Sources of revenues for products accounted for as deposit liabilities are net investment income, surrender charges deducted from the account balances of policyholders in connection with withdrawals, realized gains and losses on investments and changes in fair value of derivatives. Components of expenses for products

Annuity deposits by product type collected during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, were as follows:

	Three Mor	iths ! e 30,	Ended			nths Ended ne 30,		
Product Type	2007		2006		2007		2006	
	(Dollars in thousands)							
Index annuities:								
Index strategies	\$ 455,060	\$	332,581	\$	756,851	\$	695,019	
Fixed strategy	149,402		163,316		278,372		340,622	
	604,462		495,897	1	,035,223	-	1,035,641	
Fixed rate annuities:								
Single-year rate guaranteed	16,308		20,495		28,094		44,063	
Multi-year rate guaranteed	1,740		1,327		3,672		2,682	
	18,048		21,822		31,766		46,745	
Total before coinsurance ceded	622,510		517,719	1	,066,989		1,082,386	
Coinsurance ceded	484		884		1,075		1,834	
Net after coinsurance ceded	\$ 622,026	\$	516,835	\$1	,065,914	\$ 1	1,080,552	

Net annuity deposits after coinsurance ceded increased 20% during the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the same period in 2006, and decreased 1% during the six months ended June 30, 2007, compared to the same period in 2006. We attribute the increase for the three months ended June 30, 2007 to the reinstatement of our A.M. Best Company financial strength rating to A- (Excellent) from B++ (Very Good) on August 3, 2006, certain product initiatives and agent incentives introduced in 2007 and more rational pricing from certain competitors. Our A.M. Best Company financial strength rating is a key element of our competitive position in the index and fixed annuity market. The outlook for our current rating is stable. We believe the rating upgrade has enhanced our competitive position and improved our prospects for sales increases in future periods. However, the degree to which this rating upgrade will effect future sales is unknown.

We attribute the slight decrease in net annuity deposits for the six months ended June 30, 2007 to a much smaller impact from the items effecting the second quarter comparison, the flat to inverted yield curve which made fixed income alternatives such as certificates of deposit more attractive and the impact of the NASD's notice to members in August 2005 on the sale of index annuities which has created confusion and impediments to sales of index annuities by annuity sales agents who are dual licensed to sell both insurance and securities products and more competitive pricing from certain competitors in 2006.

Earnings from products accounted for as deposit liabilities are primarily generated from the excess of net investment income earned over the interest credited to the policyholder, or the "investment spread". In the case of index annuities, the investment spread consists of net investment income in excess of the cost of the options purchased to fund the index-based component of the policyholder's return and amounts credited as a result of minimum guarantees.

Our investment spread is summarized as follows:

	Six Months June 3	
Average yield on invested assets	6.09%	6.13%
Cost of money:		
Aggregate	3.38%	3.46%
Average net cost of money for index annuities	3.34%	3.27%
Average crediting rate for fixed rate annuities:		
Annually adjustable	3.27%	3.25%
Multi-year rate guaranteed	4.22%	5.12%
Investment spread:		
Aggregate	2.71%	2.67%
Index annuities	2.75%	2.86%
Fixed rate annuities:		
Annually adjustable	2.82%	2.88%
Multi-year rate guaranteed	1.87%	1.01%

Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. With respect to our index annuities, the cost of money includes the average crediting rate on amounts allocated to the fixed rate strategy, expenses we incur to fund the annual index credits and where applicable, minimum guaranteed interest credited. Proceeds received upon expiration or early termination of call options purchased to fund annual index credits are recorded as part of the change in fair value of derivatives, and are largely offset by an expense for interest credited to annuity policyholder account balances. See Critical Accounting Policies— Derivative Instruments—Index Products included in Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Our profitability depends in large part upon the amount of assets under our management, investment spreads we earn on our policyholder account balances, our ability to manage our investment portfolio to maximize returns and minimize risks such as interest rate changes, defaults or impairment of assets, our ability to manage interest rates credited to policyholders and costs of the options purchased to fund the annual index credits on our index annuities, our ability to manage the costs of acquiring new business (principally commissions to agents and first year bonuses credited to policyholders) and our ability to manage our operating expenses.

Results of Operations

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Net income decreased 43% to \$24.6 million for the second quarter of 2007, and 26% to \$34.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$42.9 million and \$46.9 million for the same periods in 2006. The comparability of the amounts is impacted by (i) the application of SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* ("SFAS 133") to our index annuity business which we estimate increased net income by \$7.8 million for the second quarter of 2007 and \$2.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to increases of \$0.5 million and \$5.2 million for the same periods in 2006 and (ii) the application of SFAS 133 to our contingent convertible senior notes which we estimate decreased net income by \$0.1 million for the second quarter of 2007 and \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to increases of \$22.2 million and \$5.4 million for the same periods in 2006. Excluding these amounts, net income for the second quarter of 2007 and the six months ended June 30, 2007 would have been \$17.0 million and \$31.8 million, respectively, compared to \$20.1 million and \$36.1 million for the same periods in 2006. These decreases were principally due to higher amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs and deferred sales inducements and increased operating expenses as discussed below.

Annuity and single premium universal life product charges (surrender charges assessed against policy withdrawals and mortality and expense charges assessed against single premium universal life policyholder account balances) increased 7% to \$11.5 million for the second quarter of 2007, and 11% to \$20.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$10.7 million and \$18.3 million for the same periods in 2006. The increases were principally due to increases in policy withdrawals subject to surrender charges due to growth in the volume and aging of the business in force. Withdrawals from annuity and single premium universal life policies subject to surrender charges were \$82.5 million and \$73.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and \$144.5 million and \$124.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The average surrender charge collected on withdrawals subject to a surrender charge was 13.8% for the second quarter of 2007 and 14.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to 14.4% and 14.6% for same periods in 2006.

Net investment income increased 4% to \$175.7 million in the second quarter of 2007, and 4% to \$345.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$169.2 million and \$331.6 million for the same periods in 2006. These increases were principally attributable to the growth in our annuity business and corresponding increases in our invested assets, offset by decreases in the average yield earned on investments. Average invested assets (on an amortized cost basis) increased to \$11.3 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$10.8 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2006, while the average yield earned on average invested assets was 6.09% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to 6.13% for the same period in 2006. The decline in the yield earned on average invested assets is attributable to an overall decline in yield on the mix of assets owned in the respective periods.

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Realized gains on investments fluctuate from period to period due to changes in the interest rate and economic environment and the timing of the sale of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments include gains and losses on the sale of securities as well as losses recognized when the fair value of a security is written down in recognition of an "other than temporary" impairment. The components of realized gains on investments for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 are set forth as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,						ths Ei	
	2	2007		2006 Dollars in		2007		2006
Available for sale fixed maturity securities:			,	Donars m	tiioti	surus)		
Gross realized gains	\$	5	\$	977	\$	412	\$	2,999
Gross realized losses		_		(546)		_		(3,053)
		5		431		412		(54)
Equity securities:								
Gross realized gains		12		_		184		443
Gross realized losses		_		(100)		_		(100)
		12		(100)		184		343
	\$	17	\$	331	\$	596	\$	289

Change in fair value of derivatives (principally call options purchased to fund annual index credits on index annuities) is affected by the performance of the indices upon which our options are based and the aggregate cost of options purchased. The components of change in fair value of derivatives for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 are set forth as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			hs Ended e 30,
_	2007 2006		2007	2006

	(Dollars in thousands)							
Call options:								
Change in unrealized gain (loss)	\$ 24,563	\$ (76,573)	\$ (14,949)	\$ (32,822)				
Gain on option expiration or early termination	73,593	14,991	104,829	20,568				
Interest rate swaps	830	_	584	_				
	\$ 98,986	\$ (61,582)	\$ 90,464	\$ (12,254)				

A substantial portion of our call options are based upon the S&P 500 Index with the remainder based upon other equity and bond market indices. The range of index appreciation for options expiring during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

	Three Mont June		Six Month June	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
S&P 500 Index				
Point-to-point strategy	10.1% - 24.4%	6 2.7% – 15.0%	6.9% - 24.4%	2.7% - 15.0%
Monthly average strategy	3.4% - 14.1%	6 3.4% – 9.1%	1.2% - 14.1%	0.0% - 9.1%
Monthly point-to-point strategy	5.6% - 17.4%	6 0.0% – 10.1%	4.4% - 17.4%	0.0% - 10.1%
Lehman Brothers U.S. Aggregate and				
U.S. Treasury indices	4.9% - 7.2%	60.7% - 3.3%	2.6% - 7.2%	0.7% - 3.8%

Actual amounts credited to policyholder account balances may be less than the index appreciation due to contractual features in the index annuity policies (participation rates and caps) which allow us to manage the cost of the options purchased to fund the annual index credits. The change in fair value of derivatives is also influenced by the aggregate costs of options purchased. The aggregate cost of options has increased due to market volatility causing variations in our weekly hedging results and an increased amount of index annuities in force. The aggregate cost of options is also influenced by the amount of policyholder funds allocated to the various indices, market volatility which affects option pricing and the policy terms and historical experience which affects

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the strikes and caps of the options we purchase. See Critical Accounting Policies—Derivative Instruments—Index Products included in Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Interest credited to account balances increased 65% to \$168.1 million in the second quarter of 2007, and 53% to \$284.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$101.8 million and \$185.5 for the same periods in 2006. The components of interest credited to account balances are summarized as follows:

		nths Ended e 30,		hs Ended e 30,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
		(Dollars in	thousands)	
Index credits on index policies	\$ 128,425	\$ 55,389	\$ 205,546	\$ 86,551
Interest credited (including changes in minimum				
guaranteed interest for index annuities)	39,716	46,456	78,548	98,902
	\$168,141	\$ 101,845	\$ 284,094	\$ 185,453

The changes in index credits were attributable to changes in the appreciation of the underlying indices (see discussion above under change in fair value of derivatives) and the amount of funds allocated by policyholders to the respective index options. Total proceeds received upon expiration or gains recognized upon early termination of the call options purchased to fund the annual index credits were \$128.6 million and \$201.6 million for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively, compared to \$51.6 million and \$84.9 million for the same periods in 2006. The decreases in interest credited were due to reductions in the account balances receiving a fixed rate of interest and decreases in interest crediting rates on several of our products. A significant factor in the reductions in interest credited on fixed rate annuities is the reduced interest on multi-year rate guarantee annuities. A significant amount of these annuities were sold in 2001 with an initial rate guaranteed for the first five policy years. We experienced surrenders of these policies upon expiration of this initial guaranteed interest rate during 2006 and reduced the crediting rates on those policies that remained in force. The average amount of annuity liabilities outstanding (net of annuity liabilities ceded under coinsurance agreements) increased 12% during the six months ended June 30, 2007 to \$11.6 billion from \$10.5 billion during the same period in 2006.

Amortization of deferred sales inducements increased 112% to \$14.2 million in the first quarter of 2007 and 18% to \$18.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$6.7 million and \$15.7 million for the same periods in 2006. In general, amortization of deferred sales inducements has been increasing each period due to growth in our annuity business and the deferral of sales inducements incurred with respect to sales of premium and interest bonus annuity products. Bonus products represented 85% and 74% of our total annuity deposits during the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The anticipated increase in amortization from these factors has been affected by amortization associated with the application of SFAS 133 to our index annuity business. The application of SFAS 133 to our index annuity business creates differences in the recognition of revenues and expenses from derivative instruments including the embedded derivative liabilities in our index annuity contracts. The change in fair value of the embedded derivatives will not correspond to the change in fair value of the purchased options because the purchased options are one-year options while the options valued in the fair value of embedded derivatives cover the expected life of the contracts which typically exceed 10 years. The gross profit adjustments resulting from the application of SFAS 133 to our index annuity business increased amortization by \$5.1 million in the second quarter of 2007 and \$1.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$0.2 million and \$3.3 million for the same periods in 2006. Excluding these amounts, amortization for the second quarter of 2007 would have been \$9.1 million and \$16.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$6.6 million and \$12.4 million for the

Change in fair value of embedded derivatives was an increase of \$0.4 million in the second quarter of 2007 and a decrease of \$6.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to decreases of \$111.3 million and \$48.6 million for the same periods in 2006. The components of change in fair value of embedded derivatives are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Mont June	e 30,		
	2007		2006		2007		2006	
			(Dollars in t	hou	sands)			
Index annuities	\$ 405	\$	(70,819)	\$	(6,226)	\$	(33,329)	
Contingent convertible senior notes	_		(40,502)		_		(15,228)	
	\$ 405	\$	(111,321)	\$	(6,226)	\$	(48,557)	

The changes related to the embedded derivatives within our index annuities resulted primarily from changes in the expected index credits on the next policy anniversary dates, which are related to the change in fair value of the call options acquired to fund these index credits discussed above in "change in fair value of derivatives". The value of the embedded derivative is also impacted by changes in discount rates used in estimating future option costs and the growth in the host component of the embedded derivative. See Critical Accounting Policies—Derivative Instruments—Index Products included in Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The conversion option embedded within our contingent convertible senior notes was required to be bifurcated and recorded at fair value in accordance with SFAS 133 beginning December 15, 2005 due to an insufficient number of authorized shares. See notes 1 and 7 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. Effective June 8, 2006, this conversion option was no longer required to be bifurcated and recorded at fair value upon shareholder approval of an increase of authorized shares. The changes in the fair value of the conversion option embedded within these notes for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006 coincides with the change in the per share price of our common stock during that period.

Interest expense on notes payable decreased 38% to \$4.1 million in the second quarter of 2007 and 41% to \$8.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$6.5 million and \$13.8 million for the same periods in 2006. These decreases were primarily due to a decrease in the amortization of the discount on our contingent convertible senior notes to \$0.3 million for the second quarter of 2007 and \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$2.6 million and \$6.0 million for the same periods in 2006. This discount was created in the fourth quarter of 2005 when the conversion option embedded in our contingent convertible senior notes was bifurcated from the host instrument, and adjusted when the derivative was unbifurcated from the host instrument on June 8, 2006. See note 7 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Interest expense on subordinated debentures increased 4% to \$5.6 million in the second quarter of 2007 and 9% to \$11.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$5.4 million and \$10.3 million for the same periods in 2006. These increases were primarily due to the issuance of additional subordinated debentures of \$41.2 million during 2006. These increases were also due to increases in weighted average interest rates on the outstanding subordinated debentures which were 8.35% and 8.13% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The weighted average interest rates have increased because substantially all of the subordinated debentures issued during 2004 – 2006 have a floating rate of interest based upon the three month London Interbank Offered Rate plus an applicable margin. See Financial Condition—Liabilities in Management's Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements decreased to \$3.1 million in the second quarter of 2007 and to \$7.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$8.5 million and \$14.3 million for the same periods in 2006. These decreases were principally due to decreases in the borrowings outstanding which averaged \$226.3 million for the second quarter of 2007 and \$261.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$664.4 million and \$587.1 million for the same periods in 2006, offset by changes in the weighted average interest rates on amounts borrowed which were 5.42% for the second quarter of 2007 and 5.47% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to 5.15% and 4.92% for the same periods in 2006.

Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs increased 59% to \$40.3 million in the second quarter of 2007, and 3% to \$57.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$25.4 million and \$56.1 million for the same periods in 2006. In general, amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs has been increasing each period due to the growth in our annuity

derivative liabilities in our index annuity contracts. The gross profit adjustments resulting from the application of SFAS 133 to our index annuity business increased amortization by \$11.9 million in the second quarter of 2007 and \$3.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$0.9 million and \$8.8 million for the same periods in 2006. Excluding these amounts, amortization for the second quarter of 2007 would have been \$28.4 million and \$54.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$24.5 million and \$47.3 million for the same periods in 2006.

Other operating costs and expenses increased 42% to \$14.1 million in the second quarter of 2007 and 27% to \$25.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$9.9 million and \$20.1 million for the same periods in 2006. These increases were attributable to increases of \$3.3 million in legal fees and \$0.6 million in costs related to the development of an electronic document database that occurred in the second quarter of 2007.

Financial Condition

Investments

Our investment strategy is to maintain a predominantly investment grade fixed income portfolio, provide adequate liquidity to meet our cash obligations to policyholders and others and maximize current income and total investment return through active investment management. Consistent with this strategy, our investments principally consist of fixed maturity securities and short-term investments.

Insurance statutes regulate the type of investments that our life subsidiaries are permitted to make and limit the amount of funds that may be used for any one type of investment. In light of these statutes and regulations and our business and investment strategy, we generally seek to invest in United States government and government-agency securities and corporate securities rated investment grade by established nationally recognized rating organizations or in securities of comparable investment quality, if not rated.

We have classified a portion of our fixed maturity investments as available for sale. Available for sale securities are reported at fair value and unrealized gains and losses, if any, on these securities (net of income taxes and certain adjustments for changes in amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs and deferred sales inducements) are included directly in a separate component of stockholders' equity, thereby exposing stockholders' equity to volatility due to changes in market interest rates and the accompanying changes in the reported value of securities classified as available for sale, with stockholders' equity increasing as interest rates decline and, conversely, decreasing as interest rates rise.

Investments increased to \$12.1 billion at June 30, 2007 compared to \$11.4 billion at December 31, 2006 as a result of the growth in our annuity business discussed above. At June 30, 2007, the fair value of our available for sale fixed maturity and equity securities was \$213.2 million less than the amortized cost of those investments, compared to \$120.6 million at December 31, 2006. At June 30, 2007, the amortized cost of our fixed maturity securities held for investment exceeded the fair value by \$428.4 million, compared to \$256.9 million at December 31, 2006. The increase in the net unrealized investment losses at June 30, 2007 compared to December 31, 2006 is principally related to an increase in market interest rates and an increase in invested assets.

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The composition of our investment portfolio is summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	June 30, 2007				December	31, 2006	
	Carrying Amount Percent		Carrying Amount		Percent		
Fixed maturity securities:							
United States Government full faith and credit	\$	2,703	_	\$	2,746	_	
United States Government sponsored agencies		8,017,342	66.2%		7,966,485	70.0%	
Public utilities		133,385	1.1%		137,461	1.2%	
Corporate securities		912,319	7.5%		643,850	5.6%	
Redeemable preferred stocks		176,311	1.5%		135,933	1.2%	
Mortgage and asset-backed securities							
United States Government and agencies		75,257	0.6%		67,883	0.6%	
Non-government		532,250	4.4%		350,817	3.1%	
Total fixed maturity securities		9,849,567	81.3%		9,305,175	81.7%	
Equity securities		78,949	0.7%		45,512	0.4%	
Mortgage loans on real estate		1,771,625	14.6%		1,652,757	14.5%	
Derivative instruments		412,289	3.4%		381,601	3.4%	
Policy loans		428	_			_	
	\$	12,112,858	100.0%	\$	11,385,464	100.0%	

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At June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the amortized cost and estimated fair value of fixed maturity securities and equity securities that were in an unrealized loss position were as follows:

	Number of	Amortized	Unrealized	Estimated
June 30, 2007	Positions	Cost	Losses	Fair Value

			(Dollars in	thous	ands)		
Fixed maturity securities:			(Dollars in	unous	anus)		
Available for sale:							
United States Government full faith and credit	4	\$	2,148	\$	(66)	\$	2,082
United States Government sponsored agencies	73		2,997,771		(131,534)		2,866,237
Public utilities	24		134,776		(7,158)		127,618
Corporate securities	116		846,098		(37,837)		808,261
Redeemable preferred stocks	21		96,971		(5,552)		91,419
Mortgage and asset-backed securities:							
United States Government and agencies	10		67,368		(1,717)		65,651
Non-government	34		456,299		(28,817)		427,482
	282	\$	4,601,431	\$	(212,681)	\$	4,388,750
		_					
Held for investment:							
United States Government sponsored agencies	88	\$	5,151,105	\$	(428,415)	\$	4,722,690
, o	88	\$	5,151,105	\$	(428,415)	\$	4,722,690
		Ė		Ė		_	
Equity securities, available for sale:							
Non-redeemable preferred stocks	13	\$	54,695	\$	(2,408)	\$	52,287
Common stocks	4	_	6,963		(567)		6,396
	17	\$	61,658	\$	(2,975)	\$	58,683
		Ψ	01,000	Ψ	(2,3/3)	Ψ	50,005

December 31, 2006	Number of Positions	ons Cost		Unrealized Losses			Estimated Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities:			(Dollars in	thous	ands)		
Available for sale:							
United States Government full faith and credit	2	\$	939	\$	(38)	\$	901
United States Government sponsored agencies	73		2,997,612		(83,986)		2,913,626
Public utilities	15		84,300		(3,486)		80,814
Corporate securities	69		465,770		(17,354)		448,416
Redeemable preferred stocks	10		48,534		(1,623)		46,911
Mortgage and asset-backed securities:							
United States Government and agencies	8		64,968		(1,317)		63,651
Non-government	23		361,324		(17,191)		344,133
	200	\$	4,023,447	\$	(124,995)	\$	3,898,452
		_		_		_	
Held for investment:							
United States Government sponsored agencies	88	\$	5,025,501	\$	(256,912)	\$	4,768,589
	88	\$	5,025,501	\$	(256,912)	\$	4,768,589
		_		_			
Equity securities, available for sale:							
Non-redeemable preferred stocks	4	\$	21,316	\$	(407)	\$	20,909
Common stocks	2		3,210		(219)		2,991
	6	\$	24,526	\$	(626)	\$	23,900

The increase in unrealized losses at June 30, 2007 compared to December 31, 2006 is primarily due to the impact of increases in market interest rates in 2007. Because we have the ability and intent to hold these investments until a recovery of amortized cost, which may be maturity, we do not consider these investments to be other than temporarily impaired at June 30, 2007.

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The amortized cost and estimated fair value of fixed maturity securities at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, by contractual maturity, that were in an unrealized loss position are shown below. Actual maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. All of our mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities provide for periodic payments throughout their lives, and are shown below as a separate line.

	Availabl	e-for-sale	Held for i	investment	
	Amortized	Estimated	Amortized	Estimated	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	
June 30, 2007		(Dollars in	thousands)		
Due after one year through five years	\$ 91,151	\$ 89,913	\$ —	\$ —	
Due after five years through ten years	578,162	549,778	_	_	
Due after ten years through twenty years	2,055,736	1,976,566	348,832	336,854	
Due after twenty years	1,352,715	1,279,360	4,802,273	4,385,836	
	4,077,764	3,895,617	5,151,105	4,722,690	
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	523,667	493,133	_	_	
	\$ 4,601,431	\$ 4,388,750	\$ 5,151,105	\$ 4,722,690	

December 31, 2006				
Due after one year through five years	\$ 56,075	\$ 55,348	\$ —	\$ —
Due after five years through ten years	371,683	355,800	_	_
Due after ten years through twenty years	2,048,092	1,996,703	348,413	342,104
Due after twenty years	1,121,305	1,082,817	4,677,088	4,426,485
	3,597,155	3,490,668	5,025,501	4,768,589
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	426,292	407,784	_	_
	\$ 4,023,447	\$ 3,898,452	\$ 5,025,501	\$ 4,768,589

The table below presents our fixed maturity securities by NAIC designation and the equivalent ratings of the nationally recognized securities rating organizations (dollars in thousands).

		June 30, 2007	2 30, 2007 December			June 30, 2007 December 31,			, 2006
NAIC Designation	Rating Agency Equivalent	 Carrying Amount	Percent		Carrying Amount	Percent			
1	Aaa/Aa/A	\$ 8,947,008	90.8%	\$	8,643,440	92.9%			
2	Baa	792,057	8.0%		556,218	6.0%			
3	Ba	84,844	0.9%		88,896	0.9%			
4	В	25,658	0.3%		12,022	0.1%			
5	Caa and lower	_	_		_	_			
6	In or near default	_	_		4,599	0.1%			
		\$ 9,849,567	100.0%	\$	9,305,175	100.0%			

At June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the fair value of investments we owned that were non-investment grade was \$110.5 million and \$105.5 million, respectively. Non-investment grade securities represented 1.1% at June 30, 2007 and 1.2% at December 31, 2006, of the fair value of our fixed maturity securities. The unrealized losses on investments we owned that were non-investment grade at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, were \$9.1 million and \$5.0 million, respectively. The unrealized losses on such securities at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 represented 1.4% and 1.3%, respectively, of gross unrealized losses on fixed maturity securities.

At each balance sheet date, we identify invested assets which have characteristics (i.e. significant unrealized losses compared to book value and industry trends) creating uncertainty as to our future assessment of an other than temporary impairment. We include these securities on a list which is referred to as our watch list. We exclude from this list securities with unrealized losses which are related to market movements in interest rates and which have no factors indicating that such unrealized losses may be other than temporary as we have the ability and intent to hold these securities to maturity or until a market recovery is realized. There were no securities on our watch list at June 30, 2007.

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There were no other than temporary impairments during the six months ended June 30, 2007. During the six months ended June 30, 2006, we made the determination that an other than temporary impairment had occurred on two of our asset-backed securities backed by leases on airplanes. The other than temporary impairment on these securities resulted from continuing problems in the airline industry and deterioration in the underlying collateral which resulted in changes in the amount of expected principal and interest payments. Concurrent with the determination that these securities were other than temporarily impaired, we decided to sell these securities. The write down/realized loss on these securities was \$2.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. We had previously written down these securities by \$10.5 million during 2001 - 2005 due to deterioration in the underlying collateral.

At June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, we held \$1.8 billion and \$1.7 billion, respectively, of mortgage loans with commitments outstanding of \$43.5 million at June 30, 2007. The portfolio consists of commercial mortgage loans diversified as to property type, location, and loan size. The loans are collateralized by the related properties. Our mortgage lending policies establish limits on the amount that can be loaned to one borrower and require diversification by geographic location and collateral type. As of June 30, 2007, there were no delinquencies or defaults in our mortgage loan portfolio. There was no valuation allowance at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006. The commercial mortgage loan portfolio is diversified by geographic region and specific collateral property type as follows (dollars in thousands):

	June 30,	2007	December 31, 2006			
	Carrying Amount	Percent	Carrying Amount	Percent		
Geographic distribution						
East	\$ 414,718	23.4% \$	364,977	22.1%		
Middle Atlantic	122,198	6.9%	115,930	7.0%		
Mountain	283,609	16.0%	267,808	16.2%		
New England	44,928	2.5%	43,228	2.6%		
Pacific	123,749	7.0%	132,085	8.0%		
South Atlantic	307,787	17.4%	299,373	18.1%		
West North Central	335,250	18.9%	290,592	17.6%		
West South Central	139,386	7.9%	138,764	8.4%		
	\$ 1,771,625	100.0% \$	5 1,652,757	100.0%		
Property type distribution						
Office	\$ 539,867	30.5% \$	508,093	30.7%		
Medical Office	92,260	5.2%	78,147	4.7%		
Retail	410,928	23.2%	389,534	23.6%		
Industrial/Warehouse	400,535	22.6%	381,248	23.1%		
Hotel	97,439	5.5%	71,510	4.3%		
Apartment	86,346	4.9%	91,190	5.5%		

Mixed use/other	144,250	8.1%	133,035	8.1%
	\$ 1,771,625	100.0% \$	5 1,652,757	100.0%

Liquidity

The statutory capital and surplus of our life insurance subsidiaries at June 30, 2007 was \$1.0 billion. American Equity Investment Life Insurance Company ("American Equity Life") made surplus note interest payments to us of \$2.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2007. For the remainder of 2007, up to approximately \$99.2 million can be distributed by American Equity Life as dividends without prior regulatory approval. Dividends may be made only out of earned surplus, and all surplus note payments are subject to prior approval by regulatory authorities. American Equity Life had approximately \$172.5 million of statutory earned surplus at June 30, 2007.

The transfer of funds by American Equity Life is also restricted by a covenant in our revolving line of credit which requires American Equity Life to maintain a minimum risk-based capital ratio of 200%.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements

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("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands the required disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective beginning on January 1, 2008. We are continuing to evaluate SFAS 157 but do not believe that it will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115* ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 permits entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option is elected shall be reported in net income. SFAS 159 also requires additional disclosures that are intended to facilitate comparisons between entities that choose different measurement attributes for similar assets and liabilities and between assets and liabilities in the financial statements of an entity that selects different measurement attributes for similar assets and liabilities. SFAS 159 is effective beginning on January 1, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact SFAS 159 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We seek to invest our available funds in a manner that will maximize shareholder value and fund future obligations to policyholders and debtors, subject to appropriate risk considerations. We seek to meet this objective through investments that: (i) consist predominately of investment grade fixed maturity securities; (ii) have projected returns which satisfy our spread targets; and (iii) have characteristics which support the underlying liabilities. Many of our products incorporate surrender charges, market interest rate adjustments or other features to encourage persistency.

We seek to maximize the total return on our available for sale investments through active investment management. Accordingly, we have determined that our available for sale portfolio of fixed maturity securities is available to be sold in response to: (i) changes in market interest rates; (ii) changes in relative values of individual securities and asset sectors; (iii) changes in prepayment risks; (iv) changes in credit quality outlook for certain securities; (v) liquidity needs; and (vi) other factors. We have a portfolio of held for investment securities which consists principally of long duration bonds issued by U.S. government agencies. These securities are purchased to secure long-term yields which meet our spread targets and support the underlying liabilities.

Interest rate risk is our primary market risk exposure. Substantial and sustained increases and decreases in market interest rates can affect the profitability of our products, the fair value of our investments, and the amount of interest we pay on our floating rate subordinated debentures. Our floating rate trust preferred securities issued by Trust III, IV, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI (beginning on December 31, 2010) and XII bear interest at the three month LIBOR plus 3.50%-4.00%. Our outstanding balance of floating rate trust preferred securities was \$144.5 million at June 30, 2007, of which \$80 million had been swapped to fixed rates (see note 9 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006). The profitability of most of our products depends on the spreads between interest yield on investments and rates credited on insurance liabilities. We have the ability to adjust crediting rates (participation rates, annual income caps or asset fees for index annuities) on substantially all of our annuity liabilities at least annually (subject to minimum guaranteed values). In addition, substantially all of our annuity products have surrender and withdrawal penalty provisions designed to encourage persistency and to help ensure targeted spreads are earned. However, competitive factors, including the impact of the level of surrenders and withdrawals, may limit our ability to adjust or maintain crediting rates at levels necessary to avoid narrowing of spreads under certain market conditions.

A major component of our interest rate risk management program is structuring the investment portfolio with cash flow characteristics consistent with the cash flow characteristics of our insurance liabilities. We use computer models to simulate cash flows expected from our existing business under various interest rate scenarios. These simulations enable us to measure the potential gain or loss in fair value of our interest rate-sensitive financial instruments, to evaluate the adequacy of expected cash flows from our assets to meet the expected cash requirements of our liabilities and to determine if it is necessary to lengthen or shorten the average life and duration of our investment portfolio. The "duration" of a security is the time weighted present value of the security's expected cash flows and is used to measure a security's sensitivity to changes in interest rates. When the durations of assets and liabilities are similar, exposure to interest rate risk is minimized because a change in value of assets should be largely offset by a change in the value of liabilities.

If interest rates were to increase 10% (51 basis points) from levels at June 30, 2007, we estimate that the fair value of our fixed maturity securities would decrease by approximately \$484.9 million. The impact on stockholders' equity of such decrease (net of income taxes and certain adjustments for changes in amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs and deferred sales inducements) would be an increase of \$59.2 million in the accumulated other comprehensive loss and a decrease to stockholders' equity. The computer models used to estimate the impact of a 10% change in market interest rates incorporate numerous assumptions, require significant estimates and assume an immediate and parallel change in interest rates without any management

of the investment portfolio in reaction to such change. Consequently, potential changes in value of our financial instruments indicated by the simulations will likely be different from the actual changes experienced under given interest rate scenarios, and the differences may be material. Because we actively manage our investments and liabilities, our net exposure to interest rates can vary over time. However, any such decreases in the fair value of our fixed maturity securities (unless related to credit concerns of the issuer requiring recognition of an other than temporary impairment) would generally be realized only if we were required to sell such securities at losses prior to their maturity to meet our liquidity needs, which we manage using the surrender and withdrawal provisions of our annuity contracts and through other means. See Financial Condition - Liquidity for Insurance Operations included in Management's Discussion and Analysis in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

At June 30, 2007, 82% of our fixed income securities have call features and 17% were subject to call redemption. Another 61% will become subject to call redemption through December 31, 2007. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, we received \$40.5 million in net redemption proceeds related to the exercise of such call options. There were no bonds called during the six months ended June 30, 2006. We have reinvestment risk related to these redemptions to the extent we cannot reinvest the net proceeds in assets with credit quality and yield characteristics similar to the redeemed bonds. Such reinvestment risk typically occurs in a declining rate environment. Should rates decline to levels which tighten the spread between our average portfolio yield and average cost of interest credited on our annuity liabilities, we have the ability to reduce crediting rates (participation rates, annual income caps or asset fees for index annuities) on most of our annuity liabilities to maintain the spread at our targeted level. At June 30, 2007, approximately 96% of our annuity liabilities were subject to annual adjustment of the applicable crediting rates at our discretion, limited by minimum guaranteed crediting rates specified in the policies.

With respect to our index annuities, we purchase call options on the applicable indices to fund the annual index credits on such annuities. These options are primarily one-year instruments purchased to match the funding requirements of the underlying policies. Fair value changes associated with those investments are substantially offset by an increase or decrease in the amounts added to policyholder account balances for index products. For the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, the annual index credits to policyholders on their anniversaries were \$205.5 million and \$89.1 million, respectively. Proceeds received at expiration or gains recognized upon early termination of these options related to such credits were \$201.6 million and \$84.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The difference between proceeds received at expiration or gains recognized upon early termination of these options and index credits is primarily due to credits attributable to minimum guaranteed interest self funded by us.

Within our hedging process we purchase options out of the money to the extent of anticipated minimum guaranteed interest on index policies. On the anniversary dates of the index policies, we purchase new one-year call options to fund the next annual index credits. The risk associated with these prospective purchases is the uncertainty of the cost, which will determine whether we are able to earn our spread on our index business. This is a risk we attempt to manage through the terms of our index annuities, which permit us to change annual participation rates, asset fees, and caps, subject to contractual features. By modifying participation rates, asset fees or caps, we can limit option costs to budgeted amounts, except in cases where the contractual features would prevent further modifications. Based upon actuarial testing which we conduct as a part of the design of our index products and on an ongoing basis, we believe the risk that contractual features would prevent us from controlling option costs is not material.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, our management, under the supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There have been no other significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect internal control over financial reporting subsequent to the date of such evaluation.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are occasionally involved in litigation, both as a defendant and as a plaintiff. In addition, state regulatory bodies, such as state

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insurance departments, the SEC, the NASD, the Department of Labor, and other regulatory bodies regularly make inquiries and conduct examinations or investigations concerning our compliance with, among other things, insurance laws, securities laws, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended and laws governing the activities of broker-dealers.

Companies in the life insurance and annuity business have faced litigation, including class action lawsuits, alleging improper product design, improper sales practices and similar claims. We are currently a defendant in several purported class action lawsuits alleging improper sales practices. In these lawsuits, the plaintiffs are seeking returns of premiums and other compensatory and punitive damages. No class has not been certified in any of the pending cases at this time. Although we have denied all allegations in these lawsuits and intend to vigorously defend against them, the lawsuits are in the early stages of litigation and neither their outcomes nor a range of possible outcomes can be determined at this time. However, we do not believe that these lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

In addition, we are from time to time subject to other legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business, none of which we believe are likely to have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. There can be no assurance that such litigation, or any future litigation, will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table sets forth issuer purchases of equity securities for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased (1)	(b) Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit) (1)	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1, 2007 through April 30, 2007	337,221	13.75	337,221	632,987
May 1, 2007 through May 31, 2007	100,000	11.96	100,000	532,987
June 1, 2007 through June 30, 2007	250,000	12.16	250,000	282,987
Total	687,221	\$ 12.91	687,221	

(1) Activity in this table represents the following items:

Our 1996 Stock Option Plan, 2000 Employee Stock Option Plan, 2000 Directors Stock Option Plan and a Stock Option and Warrant Agreement with our Chairman provide for the grant of stock options to officers, directors and employees. Under the plans, the purchase price for any shares purchased pursuant to the exercise of an option shall be paid in full upon such exercise in cash or by transferring common shares of the Company to the Company.

We have a Rabbi Trust, the NMO Deferred Compensation Trust, which purchases our common shares to fund the amount of shares earned by our agents under the NMO Deferred Compensation Plan.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

- (a) The Company's annual shareholders' meeting was held on June 7, 2007.
- (b) and (c) (i) Election of the following directors to the Company's Board of Directors:

	FOR	WITHHELD
Alexander M. Clark	51,300,496	2,078,246
Robert L. Hilton	47,821,296	5,557,446
John M. Matovina	48,876,818	4,501,924
Kevin R. Wingert	46,510,993	6,867,749

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(ii) Ratification of the appointment of KPMG LLP as Independent Auditors for 2007. There were 53,280,067 votes for the ratification; 49,020 cast against; and 49,655 abstentions.

Item 6. Exhibits

- 12.1 Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HOLDING COMPANY

By:

/s/ David J. Noble David J. Noble, Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Wendy L. Carlson

Wendy L. Carlson, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

By: /s/ Ted M. Johnson

Ted M. Johnson, Vice President - Accounting

(Principal Accounting Officer)

Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges

		ix Months Ended June 30,				Vo	or En	led December	21			
		2007		2006		2005		2004	J1,	2003		2002
Consolidated income before income taxes and minority						(Dollars in	thous	ands)				
interests	\$	52,616	\$	116,925	\$	70,894	\$	69,481	\$	39,308	\$	28,951
Interest credited to account balances and amortization	Ψ	52,010	Ψ	110,525	Ψ	70,054	Ψ	05,401	Ψ	55,500	Ψ	20,331
of deferred sales inducements		302,639		429,062		311,479		309,034		248,075		183,503
Interest expense on General Agency Commission and		302,033		5,00_		511, 175		505,05		0,07.5		100,000
Servicing Agreement (a)		_		_		_		_		_		3,596
Interest expense on notes payable (a)		8,139		20,382		16,324		2,358		2,713		1,901
Interest expense on subordinated debentures (a)		11,203		21,354		14,145		9,609		7,661		
Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase		·		,				ŕ		,		
agreements and other interest expense		7,078		32,931		11,280		3,148		1,278		1,777
Interest portion of rental expense		240		431		388		344		314		267
Consolidated earnings	\$	381,915	\$	621,085	\$	424,510	\$	393,974	\$	299,349	\$	219,995
	_		_		_	<u> </u>	_		_		_	
Interest credited to account balances and amortization												
of deferred sales inducements	\$	302,639	\$	429,062	\$	311,479	\$	309,034	\$	248,075	\$	183,503
Interest expense on General Agency Commission and		,,,,,		-,	•	_ , _				-,-		,
Servicing Agreement (a)		_		_		_		_		_		3,596
Interest expense on notes payable (a)		8,139		20,382		16,324		2,358		2,713		1,901
Interest expense on subordinated debentures (a)		11,203		21,354		14,145		9,609		7,661		_
Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase												
agreements and other interest expense		7,078		32,931		11,280		3,148		1,278		1,777
Interest portion of rental expense		240		431		388		344		314		267
Combined fixed charges	\$	329,299	\$	504,160	\$	353,616	\$	324,493	\$	260,041	\$	191,044
					_		_		_			
Ratio of consolidated earnings to fixed charges		1.2		1.2		1.2		1.2		1.2		1.2
5	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Ratio of consolidated earnings to fixed charges, both												
excluding interest credited to account balances and												
amortization of deferred sales inducements		3.0		2.6		2.7		5.5		4.3		4.8

⁽a) On December 31, 2003, retroactive to January 1, 2003, we adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 46, *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51*. During the first quarter of 2005, retroactive to January 1, 2003, we adopted FASB Staff Position No. FIN 46(R)-5, *Implicit Variable Interests under FIN 46*. See note 1 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, David J. Noble, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Equity Investment Life Holding Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 3, 2007 By: /s/ David J. Noble

David J. Noble, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Wendy L. Carlson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of American Equity Investment Life Holding Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 3, 2007 By: /s/ Wendy L. Carlson

Wendy L. Carlson, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

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CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of American Equity Investment Life Holding Company (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about the date hereof (the "Report"), I, D.J. Noble, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;

and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 3, 2007

By: /s/ D.J. Noble

D.J. Noble, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of American Equity Investment Life Holding Company (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Wendy L. Carlson, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;

and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 3, 2007

By: /s/ Wendy L. Carlson

Wendy L. Carlson, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)